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# RABIN & CHAMPAGNE, P.C.

STEVEN M. RABIN  
THOMAS M. CHAMPAGNE\*  
ROBERT H. BERDO, JR.  
DAVID S. LEE \*  
QIXIA ZHANG, Pat. Agent (China)  
\*ADMITTED TO A BAR OTHER THAN D.C.

SUITE 500  
1101 14<sup>TH</sup> STREET, N.W.  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005

PATENT, TRADEMARK  
AND COPYRIGHT LAW  
TELEPHONE: (202) 659-1915  
TELEFAX: (202) 659-1898  
E-MAIL: rabinlaw@aol.com

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Box PATENT APPLICATION  
Assistant Commissioner of Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Attorney Reference: ROC9-2000-0154-US1-IBM-188

Re: New Patent Application of: Kevin Paul DEMSKY, Ladd William  
FREITAG and Matthew James PASCHAL  
Title: BUILT IN SELF TEST METHOD AND CIRCUIT FOR PARALLEL  
OPTICAL TRANSMITTERS

Sir:

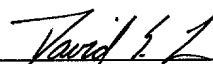
Please find attached hereto an application for patent which includes:  
Specification, Claims, Assignment and Recordation Cover, Declaration  
and Power of Attorney.  
Drawings: 3 sheets, Figures 1-3  
Fee (see formula below)

Basic Fee \$710/355	\$ <u>710.00</u>
Additional Fees:	
Total number of claims: <u>11</u> in excess of 20: <u>0</u> times \$9/18	\$ <u>0.00</u>
Number of independent claims: <u>2</u> in excess of 3: <u>0</u> times \$39/78	\$ <u>0.00</u>
Multiple Dependent Claims \$135/270	\$ <u>0.00</u>
An Assignment and recordation cover sheet are likewise enclosed; Recording Fee \$40.	\$ <u>40.00</u>

TOTAL FEES FOR THE ABOVE APPLICATION \$ 750.00

Please charge the above fees to IBM Corporation Deposit Account No. 09-0465 and  
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Respectfully submitted,

  
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BUILT IN SELF TEST METHOD AND CIRCUIT  
FOR PARALLEL OPTICAL TRANSMITTERS

5     BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

          The present invention relates to the field of testing parallel optical communication transmitters.

10    Background Information

          To test Bit Error Ratio (BER) on all channels of a parallel optical communication transmitter, all channels must be exercised. Such testing requires equipment that includes a single data generator and data detector, and they must be switched to each input and output of laser driver chip until all channels are tested, or in the alternative the test equipment must include multiple data generator/detectors.

          In an attempt to solve the problems described above, an on-chip parallel data generator, including a Built In Self Test (BIST) parallel data generator, is integrated into the transmitter so that all optical outputs may be switched synchronously. The BIST generator requires only one clock input which clocks the BIST generator for all channels. However, a problem still exists that when asynchronous BER testing is desired, the electrical inputs cannot be used for any other testing since the parallel inputs of the chip are ignored during BIST operation.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is, therefore, a principle object of the this invention to provide a built-in self test method and circuit for parallel laser transmitters.

5 It is another object of the invention to provide a built-in self test method and circuit for parallel laser transmitters that solves the above-mentioned problems.

10 These and other objects of the present invention are accomplished by the built-in self test method and circuit for parallel laser transmitters that are disclosed herein.

15 Asynchronous crosstalk measurements are performed when a single channel input is provided by a single data generator and channels adjacent thereto are switching asynchronous to the single data generator. Crosstalk and noise problems may be measured qualitatively and quantitatively by using a BIST generator that generates a pseudo-random bit sequence on many channels as an on-chip noise source. Furthermore, while in BIST mode, any combination of channels may switch at a rate determined by a BIST input clock, or held quiet at a static 0 or 1 for a DC coupled product. This is advantageous while analyzing parameters that are sensitive to noise or crosstalk. Therefore, it is desired that the optical output of a channel responds to the electrical input of that channel, while other channels are running in BIST mode.

25 As a result, the complexity of testing is significantly

reduced in comparison with conventional testing methods, as described in the example above, because only one data generator and one clock source are used. In the alternative, to reduce complexity of testing, fewer, or even no, switches that are capable of switching data at the full data rate, for example coaxial switches, are used. The reduction, or absence, of switches thus reduces complexity of testing. It also gives greater test coverage with only one data generator allowing the user to choose which optical outputs will output BIST data or external asynchronous data.

To that end, the present invention includes a BIST generator that is incorporated into a parallel optical transmitter. The parallel optical transmitter includes N laser driver channels in addition to the aforementioned BIST generator.

An external clock source is applied to the differential inputs of Channel N of the parallel optical transmitter. The external clock inputs are buffered by Channel N and applied to the clock input of the BIST generator. Control signal inputs EBIST and SBIST are used to put the transmitter array in BIST mode.

The external data inputs are applied to the inputs of a data receiver and a signal detector. The signal detector determines if a signal with a valid common mode voltage level is present on the Tx inputs. The data receiver buffers the Tx

inputs, and the outputs of the data receiver are connected to a multiplexer input. The BIST generator outputs are applied to a buffer before being connected to the B inputs of the multiplexer. A logic block controls which of two multiplexer inputs is passed by the multiplexer to the inputs of a laser driver. The laser driver then converts the differential input to a single ended current to drive the laser. Thus, the signal detector is connected in parallel with the data receiver and the output of the signal detector is passed to the multiplexer.

The combinations of EBIST, SBIST and SIGDET determines if the input data or BIST data gets passed to the laser driver. In particular, in the "hard BIST" (EBIST) mode, BIST signals are transmitted along all of Channels 0-N. On the other hand, in the "soft BIST" (SBIST) mode, if the signal detector determines the presence of a valid signal, the logic block makes the determination, based on a predetermined logic table, as to whether BIST data or real data is passed through the multiplexer to the inputs of the laser driver of that channel.

As an example, the signal detector is a pull-down detector. In operation, as the signal detector receives external data inputs, if a first node falls below a second node, the signal detection output goes low, indicating that a valid signal is not present, although any polarity may be produced by inverting the comparator inputs. If the external

inputs are held low, a comparator of the signal detector indicates that a valid signal is not present.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

5           Figure 1 shows an example embodiment of a parallel optical communication transmitter, including a BIST generator, according to the present invention.

10           Figure 2 shows an example of a channel in the example embodiment of a parallel optical communication transmitter shown in Fig. 1, according to an example embodiment of the present invention.

15           Figure 3 shows an example of common mode pull-down detector, as utilized in the example of Figure 1, according to an example embodiment of the present invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF A PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

20           Before beginning a detailed description of the invention, it should be noted that, when appropriate, like reference numerals and characters may be used to designate identical, corresponding or similar components in differing figure drawings. Further, in the detailed description to follow, example embodiments and values may be given, although the present invention is not limited thereto.

25           Figure 1 shows a BIST generator **5** is incorporated into the parallel optical transmitter **100**, in accordance with an

example embodiment of the present invention. Parallel optical transmitter **100** includes N laser driver channels Channels 0-N (**CH0-CHN**) in addition to the aforementioned BIST generator **5**.

An external clock source **1** may be applied to the inputs of Channel N **CHN**, during BIST mode operation. Otherwise, the Channel N inputs are data. EBIST **11** and SBIST **12** are control signal inputs used to select the type of data that is passed to the laser driver, choosing from BIST data and external data. OR gate **7** enables the BIST generator **5**. Thus, when EBIST and SBIST are 0, BIST generator **5** is disabled, as will be described further below regarding Logic Block **70** in Fig. 2.

Figure 2 shows the contents of each channel in Figure 1. The external data inputs **20** are applied to the inputs of Data Receiver **50** and Signal Detector **40**. Signal Detector **40** determines if a signal with a valid common mode (average voltage) is present on the Tx inputs **20**. The Data Receiver **50** buffers the Tx inputs **20**, and the outputs **55** of Data Receiver are connected to multiplexer input A **85**. The BIST generator **5** of Figure 1 generates BIST inputs **30**, and the inputs **30** are buffered by the BIST Buffer **60**. BIST Buffer outputs **65** are connected to the multiplexer input B **86**. Logic block **70** controls which of inputs "A" **85** or "B" **86** is passed by multiplexer **80** to the inputs of Laser Driver **90**. Laser Driver **90** then converts the differential input to a single ended

current **95** to drive the laser. Figure 2 shows, as an example, how Signal Detector **40** is connected in parallel with the Data Receiver **50** and how the output **45** of Signal Detector **40** is passed to the Multiplexer **80**.

5       The combinations of EBIST, SBIST and SIGDET determines if the input data or BIST data gets passed to the laser driver. In particular, in the "hard BIST" (EBIST) mode, BIST signals are transmitted along all of Channels 0-N. On the other hand, in the "soft BIST" (SBIST) mode, if Signal Detector **40**  
10       determines the presence of a valid signal on the Tx inputs, Logic Block **70** allows Multiplexer **80** to pass the external data to the laser driver **90**.

15       Figure 3 shows Signal Detector **40** of Figure 2 in greater detail. As an example, Signal Detector **40** is a pull-down detector. In operation, as Signal Detector **40** receives external data inputs **20**, if node **A** falls below node **B**, the output SIGDET goes low, indicating that a valid signal is not present, although any polarity may be produced by inverting the comparator inputs. If the average of the input voltages at  
20       node A falls below the voltage at node B, the comparator **110** indicates that a valid signal is not present.

For example, if the receiver common mode is X volts, and the single ended amplitude of both inputs is Y volts, then the lowest voltage the incoming signal can reach is  $X - 0.5Y$  volts.



5

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SBIST

<u>SBIST</u>	<u>SIGDET</u>	<u>EBIST</u>	<u>LD</u>
0	0	0	DISABLE
0	0	1	BIST
0	1	0	TX
0	1	1	BIST

1	0	0	BIST
1	0	1	BIST
1	1	0	TX
1	1	1	BIST

5

EBIST and SBIST are selected globally. SIGDET **45** in Figure 2 is the signal produced by the Signal Detector **40**. SIGDET **45** is logic high if a signal with valid common mode is applied to the Tx inputs **20** in Figure 2. SIGDET **45** is low when a signal with non-valid common mode is applied to Tx inputs **20** such as connecting them to ground in the case where PECL logic is used. EBIST forces the laser driver output **95** to be the BIST signal independent of the logic states of SBIST and SIGDET.

This concludes the description of the example  
embodiments. Although the present invention has been described with reference to illustrative embodiments thereof, it should be understood that numerous other modifications and embodiments can be devised by those skilled in the art that will fall within the scope and spirit of the principals of the invention. More particularly, reasonable variations and modifications are possible in the component parts and/or arrangements of the subject combination arrangement within the scope of the foregoing disclosure, the drawings and the appended claims without department from the spirit of the

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WE CLAIM:

1           1. A method for testing each parallel optical  
2 communication channel in an N-channel parallel optical  
3 communication transmitter, said method comprising:  
4           transmitting, simultaneously on different channels, at  
5 least one of external data and test signals to a multiplexer  
6 in each channel of said N-channel parallel optical  
7 communication transmitter;  
8           detecting whether said external data signals include data  
9 signals having a valid common mode voltage level; and  
10          selecting either of said external data signals or said  
11 test signals for transmitting from said multiplexer to a laser  
12 driver.

1           2. A method according to Claim 1, wherein said test  
2 signals are generated and transmitted by a built-in self test  
3 (BIST) generator.

1           3. A method according to Claim 1, wherein a data  
2 receiver that is provided in parallel with a signal detector  
3 buffers said external data signals, wherein further a BIST  
4 buffer buffers said test signals, and wherein further said  
5 signal detector performs said detecting of whether said

6 external data signals include signals having a valid common  
7 mode voltage level.

1 4. A method according to Claim 3, wherein a logic gate  
2 receives an output signal from said signal detector and  
3 performs said selecting of either of said external data  
4 signals or said test signals for transmitting from said  
5 multiplexer to said laser driver based on the received signal,  
6 a soft BIST signal and a hard BIST signal.

1 5. A method according to Claim 3, wherein said signal  
2 detector is a pull-down detector.

1 6. A method according to Claim 4, wherein said  
2 selecting, performed by said logic gates, of either of said  
3 external data signals or said test signals for transmitting  
4 from said multiplexer to said laser driver includes selecting  
5 either of the received signal or BIST data if the received  
6 signal is a valid signal and the soft-BIST signal is present,  
7 and further includes selecting BIST data if the hard-BIST  
8 signal is present or the received signal is not a valid signal  
9 and the soft-BIST signal is present.

1 7. A parallel optical communication transmitter testing  
2 system, comprising:

3 a test signal buffer that buffers test signals that are  
4 received from a test signal generator;

5 a data receiver that buffers external data signals that  
6 are received from a communication transmitter;

7 a signal detector that buffers said external data signals  
8 from said communication transmitter,

9 wherein said signal detector receiving said external  
10 data signals is in parallel with said data receiver, and

11 wherein said signal detector detects whether said  
12 external data signals include signals having a valid common  
13 mode; and

14 a multiplexer that receives said external data signals  
15 from said data receiver and said test signals from said test  
16 signal buffer and that transmits either of said external data  
17 signals and said test signals to a laser driver.

1 8. A system according to Claim 7, wherein said test  
2 signal generator is a built-in self test (BIST) generator.

1 9. A system according to Claim 7, further comprising  
2 logic gates that receive an output signal from said signal  
3 detector and select either of said external data signals or  
4 said test signals for transmission from said multiplexer to  
5 said laser driver using the received signal, a soft-BIST  
6 signal and a hard-BIST signal.

1           10. A system according to Claim 9, wherein said logic  
2 gates select, for transmission from said multiplexer to said  
3 laser driver, either of the received signal or BIST data if  
4 the received signal is a valid signal and the soft-BIST signal  
5 is present, and further select BIST data if the hard-BIST  
6 signal is present or the received signal is not a valid signal  
7 and the soft-BIST signal is present.

11. A system according to Claim 7, wherein said signal  
detector is a pull-down detector.

## 5

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Fig. 1

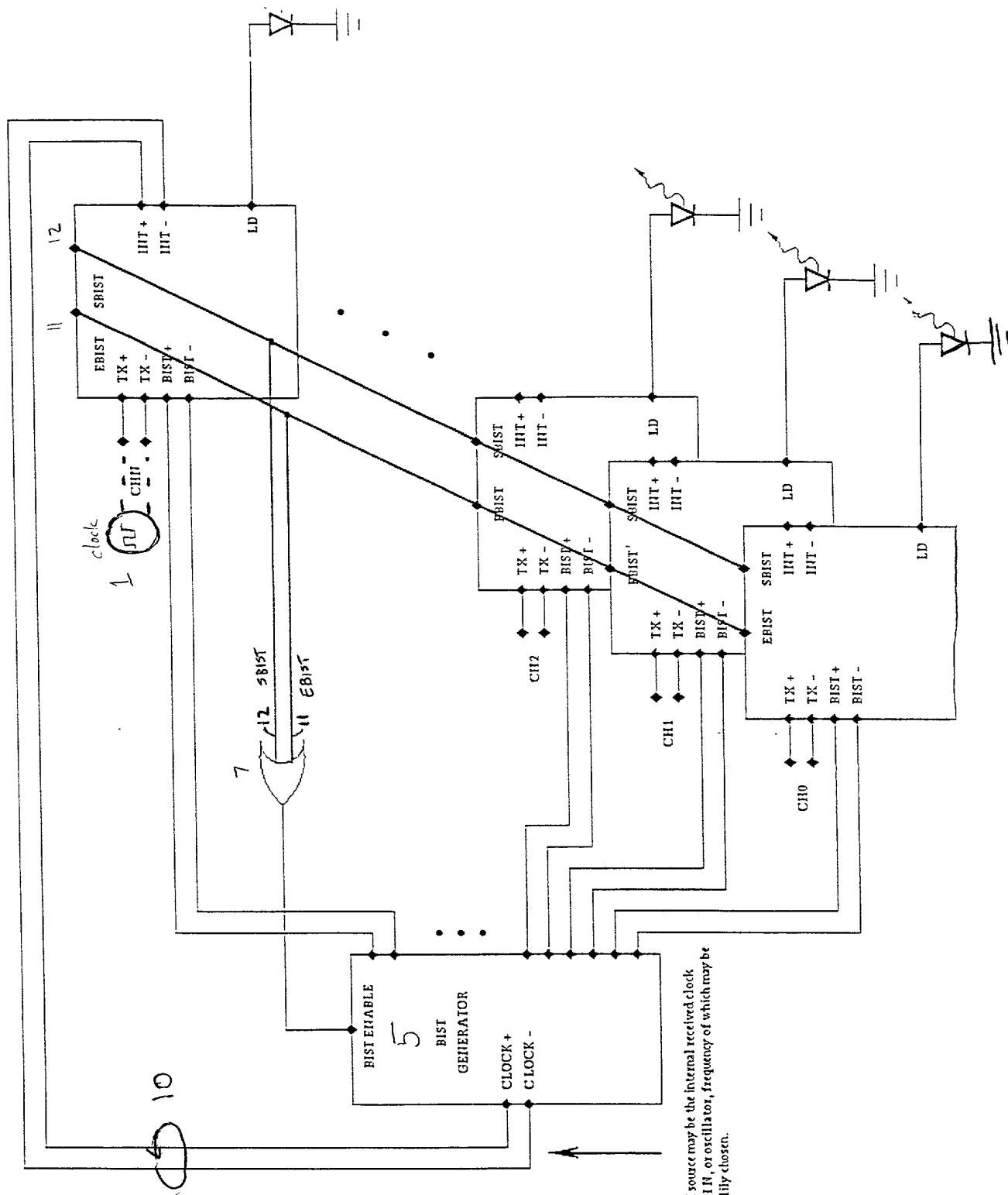
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FIG. 2

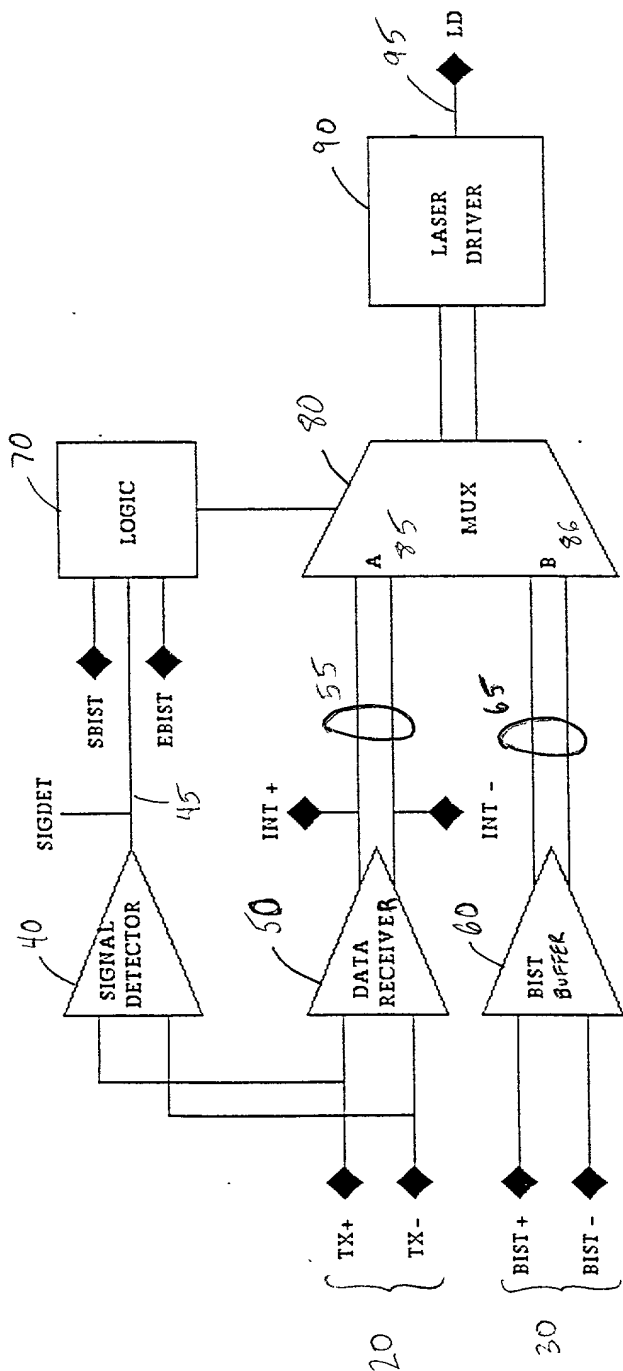
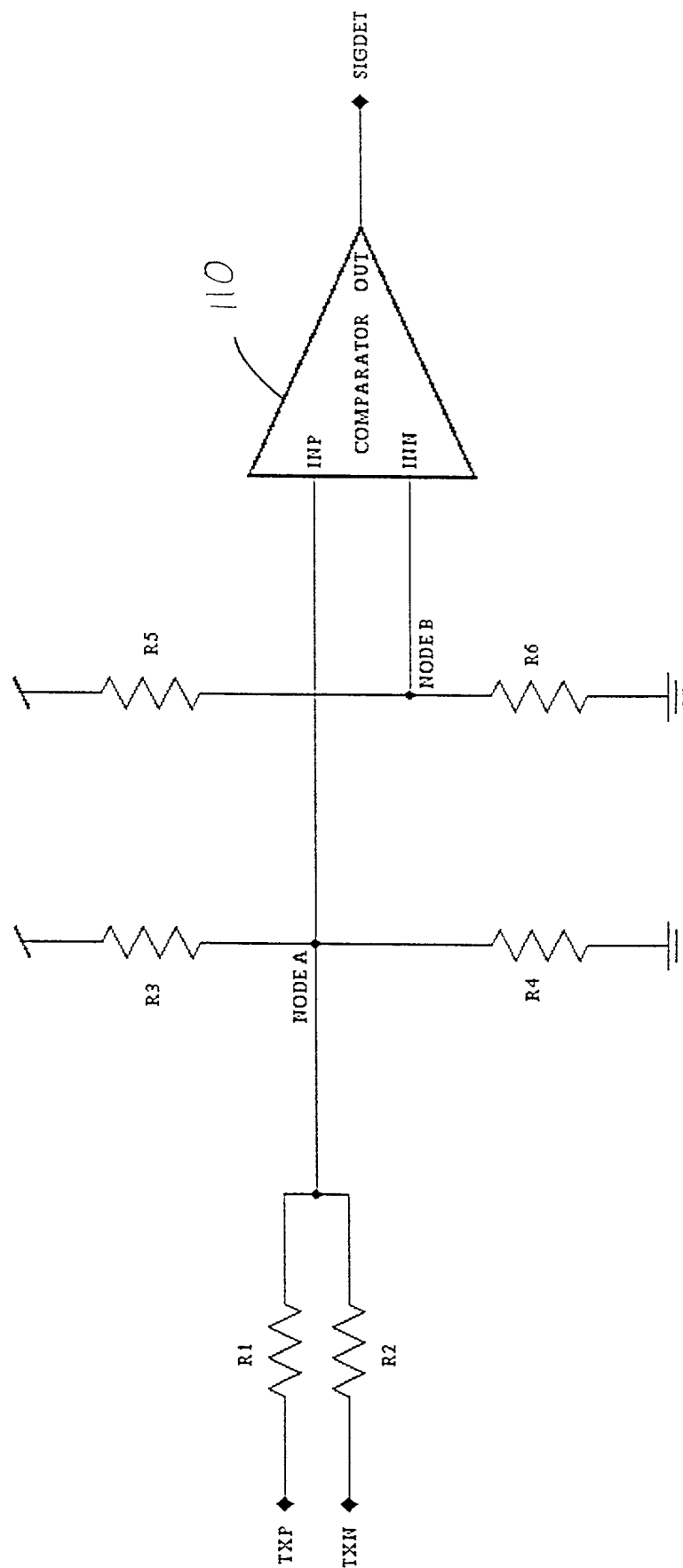


FIG. 3



As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

## BUILT IN SELF TEST METHOD AND CIRCUIT FOR PARALLEL OPTICAL TRANSMITTERS

X is attached hereto.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)			Priority Claimed	
			Yes	No
(Number)	(Country )	(Day/Month/Year Filed)		

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States Application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information material to the patentability of this application as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

(List name and registration number)

William J. McGinnis, Jr. - 25,698	Edward A. Pennington - 35, 588
James R. Nock - 42, 937	Joseph C. Redmond, Jr. - 18,753
Steven W. Roth - 34,172	Robert H. Berdo, Jr. - 38,075
John E. Hoel - 26, 279	David S. Lee - 38,222
Christopher A. Hughes - 26, 914	

Send Correspondence to:

Robert H. Berdo, Jr.  
RABIN & CHAMPAGNE, P.C.  
Suite 500  
1101 14<sup>th</sup> Street, N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20005

Direct telephone Calls to: (202) 659-1915

Full name of first Inventor: Kevin Paul Demsky

Inventor's signature: Kevin Paul Densky Date: 10/6/00

Residence: 2018 Washington Lane, S.W. (Olmsted County) Rochester, Minnesota 55902

Citizenship: U.S.A.

Post Office Address: Same as above.

Full name of second Inventor: Ladd William Freitag

Inventor's signature: James William Smith Date: 10/6/00

Residence: 3867 Huntington Lane, N.W. (Olmsted County) Rochester, Minnesota 55901

Citizenship: U.S.A.

Post Office Address: Same as above.

Full name of third Inventor: Matthew James Paschal

Inventor's signature: Matthew James Park Date: 10/6/00

Residence: 2121 8<sup>th</sup> Ave., N.E. (Olmsted County) Rochester, Minnesota 55906

Citizenship: U.S.A.

Post Office Address: Same as above.

X This declaration ends with this page.